

Protecting People, Property and the Planet.

Since 1894

eagle-mfg.com



C.L.A.W.S.

Regulatory Compliance Guide Facility Survey

Containment Liquid Handling Assessment Waste Management Safety Storage

Eagle Manufacturing Company 2400 Charles Street Wellsburg, WV 26070 P/ 304.737.3171 F/ 304.737.1752 E/ sales@eagle-mfg.com





Program Summary

EAGLE'S CLAWS Program is designed as a compliance evaluation system utilized to promote employee and public safety, property protection and environmental conservation by specifying approved products that meet specific federal regulations concerning Containment, Liquid Handling, Waste Management, and Safety Storage of Hazardous Materials.

REGULATORY AGENCIES



U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety & Health Administration

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), established under the Department of Labor by the OSHA Act of 1970, regulates the storage and use of toxic and hazardous substances as they relate to worker health and safety. OSHA regulations are found in Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1910, Subpart H.

The OSHA Act requires employers to comply with OSHA standards and regulations and to protect employees from recognized hazards in the workplace. OSHA enforces its rules and regulations by inspecting the workplaces of employers. When violations are discovered during inspections, OSHA issues citations and proposes monetary penalties. OSHA encourages companies to participate in Voluntary Protection Programs. Employers who participate in these Voluntary Compliance Programs develop a new relationship with OSHA and are not subject to programmed inspections; however, compliance remains mandatory.

OSHA: (202) 219-8271 http://www.osha.gov



The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) addresses through the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), the need for facilities with hazardous waste substances to store containers in some kind of containment system. Stationary containers, such as tanks, as well as portable storage containers, such as 55 gallon drums, are required to have a system that will protect the environment from this waste if a leak were to occur. Hazardous waste regulations appear in Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Portable container containment is addressed under Subpart I, Use and Management of

Containers (EPA 40 CFR 264.175). Facilities dealing with the storage of hazardous materials may also be required to have containment if they are to meet the Uniform Fire Code (UFC) standards. Within the UFC standards. Section 80. Division III refers to Hazardous Materials Storage Requirements pertaining to containers and tanks and Division IV refers to Spill Control, Drainage Control and Secondary Containment with regard to hazardous materials.

EPA: (800) 621-3431 http://www.epa.gov



Spill Prevention, Control COMPLIANT & Countermeasures Rule

Under authority of the Clean Water Act, EPA published its Oil Pollution Prevention Rule (40 CFR 112) that took effect originally on January 10, 1974. The rule was revised and strengthened on July 17, 2002. Facilities subject to the Rule must prepare and implement a plan to prevent any discharge of oil into or upon navigable waters of the U.S. (including groundwater) or adjoining shorelines. This written plan is called an SPCC Plan.

The SPCC Plan must address: (a) operating procedures the facility implements to prevent oil spills: (b) control measures installed to prevent oil from entering navigable water; (c) countermeasures to contain, clean up and mitigate the effects of oil spills.



U.S. Department of Transportation

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) serves as the focal point in the Federal Government for the coordinated National Transportation Policy. The DOT has authority over the shipping and transporting of hazardous materials, including packaging and labeling. The DOT regulations can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations under Title 49 and are based largely upon the recommendations as per the United Nations (UN).



National Fire Protection Association

Since 1896, the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) has been the most recognized non-profit organization in the world dedicated to the protection of human life and property from the hazards of fire.

NFPA: (800) 344-3555 www.nfpa.org

Contents

Containment	- 3
Liquid Handling	- 5
Assessment	
Waste Management	- 9
Safety Storage	
HDPE Chemical Resistance Guide 12 -	
Products Listing	15
Glossary	
Eagle Overview	17
Compliance Evaluation	
Conducted for	
Facility Location	
Date	
Conducted By	
Personnel Present	
Notes	





Model 1686

2 Drum Work Station

Model 1626

4 Drum Pallet Model 1645

8 Drum Platform

Model 1688

dis-

☐ No

☐ Yes

Do you have damaged or leaking drums of liquid waste materials? ☐ Yes ☐ No Code(s) Recommendations ✔ DOT 49 CFR 173.3: Eagle Salvage Drums (c) Salvage Drums. Packages of hazardous materials that are damaged or found leaking and hazardous materials that have been spilled or leaked may be placed in a removable head salvage drum that is compatible with the lading and shipped for repackaging or disposal under the Model 1602 Model 1695 following conditions. (Meet 3 psi test) ✔ DOT 49 CFR 173.25: Eagle Overpack Drums **Authorized Packages & Overpacks** (a) Authorized packages containing hazardous materials may be offered for transportation in an 悪 overpack as defined in 171.8 of this subchapter, if all of the conditions of this section are met. Model 1690 Model 1650 Do you have secondary containment to protect against leakage or spills of hazardous liquid waste? ☐ Yes ⊟ No Recommendations Code(s) ✓ EPA 40 CFR 264.175: Eagle Spill Containment Pallets, Containment. (a) Container storage areas must Platforms & Work Stations have a containment system that is designed and operated in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section 6 Drum Platform

(b) A containment system must be designed and

(3) The containment system must have sufficient capacity to contain 10% of the volume of

containers or the volume of the largest container, whichever is greater. Containers that do not contain free liquids need not be considered in this

Do you have a secure waste collection or

operated as follows:

determination.

pensing center?

2

Containment of hazardous materials is required for the protection of the environment from contamination as well as for the protection of employees who work in areas where hazardous materials are stored and used.

SPCC

This marker indicates compliance with EPA Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasures regulations.

Do you have a single-drum mobile pumping station, waste collection station or drum storage building?

☐ Yes
☐ No

Code(s)

✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (e)(2)(iii):

Separation and protection. Areas in which flammable or combustible liquids are transferred from one tank or container to another container shall be separated from other operations in the building by adequate distance or by construction having adequate fire resistance. Drainage or other means shall be provided to control spills.

Do you have drip pans under all drum faucets or leaks?

Do you have drum covers or outside storage building to protect the integrity of drums stored outside as per 40 CFR 265.173? Yes

Recommendations

Eagle Single Drum Containment Unit, Drum Funnel, Drip Pan & 4-Drum Building



Do you have an area where hazardous materials are dispensed into containers?

Code(s)

✓ Uniform Fire Code - Division IV, Section 80.402 (b)(2)(F).

Dispensing and Use - Spill Control, Drainage Control and Secondary Containment. "Rooms or areas where hazardous material liquids are dispensed into containers exceeding a 1-gallon capacity or used in open containers or systems exceeding a 5-gallon capacity shall be provided with a means to control spills. Secondary containment shall be provided when the capacity of an individual container exceeds 55 gallons or the aggregate capacity of multiple containers exceeds 100 gallons."

☐ Yes ☐ No

Model 1646RTC

Recommendations Eagle Stackers, IBC Containment & Spill Pallets



Model 1645



Uiquid Handling

Do you have approved safety containers for the safe use and temporary storage of flammable liquids?

☐ Yes ☐ No

General Industry Code(s)

✓OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (a)(29):

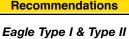
Safety can shall mean an <u>approved container</u>, of not more than 5 gallons capacity, having a spring-closing lid and spout cover and so designed that it will safely relieve internal pressure when subjected to fire exposure.

Are they in sound operating condition, leaktight, with flame arresters intact?

Construction Standard Code(s)

✓OSHA 29 CFR 1926.152

Only approved containers and portable tanks shall be used for storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids. Approved metal safety cans shall be used for the handling and use of flammable liquids in quantities greater than one gallon. For quantities of one gallon or less, only the original container or approved metal safety cans shall be used for storage, use and handling of flammable liquids.



Metal Safety Cans





UI-20FS Type I Safety Can

UI-50-FS Type I Safety Can





U2-26-S Type II Safety Can

U2-51-S Type II Safety Can

UL & FM Approved

CARB

Eagle Safety Cans are permitted for use under the new CARB regulations via exemption no. 2467.3(c)

Do you have nonmetallic safety cans where abusive or corrosive conditions exist or ova safety cans where shelf space is limited?

 ☐ Yes

No لـ

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CONTAINER SIZE

LIQUID TYPE	F	FLAMMABLE COMBUSTII Class IA Class IB Class IC Class II 1 pt. 1 qt. 1 gal. 1 gal.			
Container Type	Class IA	Class IB	Class IC	Class II	
Glass or approved plastic	1 pt.	1 qt.	1 gal.	1 gal.	
Metal (other than DOT drums)	1 gal.	5 gal.	5 gal.	5 gal.	
Safety cans (incl. polyethylene)	2 gal.	5 gal.	5 gal.	5 gal.	

NOTE: Container Exemptions: medicines, foodstuffs, cosmetics and other common consumer items. REFERENCE: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106

See safety can chemical compatibility on page 16.

Recommendations Eagle Safety Cans:

Metal, Poly & Stainless

Steel Cans





Models 1543 & 1537

lodel 1511

The handling of hazardous liquids is subject to both safety and health regulations requiring protection for employees who work with flammable, combustible and explosive liquids.

Do you have any open containers or hazardous liquids being used in your cleaning operations? ☐ No ☐ Yes Recommendations Code(s) ✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (e)(2)(ii): Eagle Plunger and Bench Cans Incidental storage or use of flammable and Eagle Lab Cans & Faucet Cans combustible liquids. Containers. Flammable or combustible liquids shall be stored in tanks or closed containers. ✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (a)(9): Closed container shall mean a container as herein defined, so sealed by means of a lid or other device that neither liquid nor vapor will Model P-711 Model B-601 escape from it at ordinary temperatures. ✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (e)(2)(iv)(a): Flammable liquids shall be kept in covered containers when not actually in use. Do you have laboratory cans or faucet cans for safer transfers of flammables from dispensing

☐ No

Do you have adequate means of electrically bonding your containers during filling operations?

Yes

☐ Yes

Models 1511 & 1513

☐ No

Model 1417

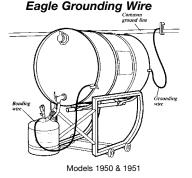
Code(s)

✓ Uniform Fire Code - Division VIII, Section 79.803 (a) states:

containers?

"Class I liquids shall not be run into containers unless the nozzle and containers are electrically interconnected. The provisions of this section shall be deemed to have been complied with where the metallic floor plates on which the container stands while filling are electrically connected to the fill stem or where the fill stem is bonded to the container during filling by means of a bond wire."

Recommendations



© Lab Safety Supply Inc., Janesville, WI Reproduced with permission





Workplace fires and explosions kill 200 and injure more than 5,000 workers each year.

More than 75,000 workplace fires cost businesses more than \$2 billion and wreak havoc among workers and their families and destroy thousands of businesses each year. CLAWS Assessment surveys should be conducted at least annually and should include observations of worksite safety and housekeeping issues and should specifically address proper handling and storage of chemicals and wastes as specified in this guide.

Objectives:

This assessment guide should give you a general understanding on how to:

- Identify potential environmental, health and safety risks associated with hazardous materials handling and storage in the work environment.
- Conduct a thorough CLAWS compliance assessment and evaluation.
- Comply with specific OSHA, EPA, DOT and local fire codes concerning handling and storage of flammable materials.
- · Specify approved products for compliance in these areas.

Facility Assessment:

Know your facility! Know where your risk areas are, what materials are not being handled or stored in a manner that will let you be compliant with the many federal regulations. The CLAWS guide is an easy to use guide to evaluating your facility.

Part I - Identification

Divide the review facility into its functional or physical areas.

- Production area
- Machine Shop area
- Maintenance Area
- Laboratory Area
- Paint Shop Area
- Storage Area (Inside/Outside)
- Shipping Area

Part II - Definition

For each specific physical or functional area, note the following:

- · Areas where chemicals are stored or used
- Areas where water or oils are used in the process
- Areas where dispensing and filling takes place
- Areas where leaks or spills are prevalent
- Areas that have self containment or fire suppression
- The temperature, ignition, and ventilation controls
- Potential ignition sources
- Volume of human and equipment traffic

Chemical & Waste Assessment

Know your chemicals. Know exactly what types of chemicals are in your facility and where they are being stored. Make sure all chemicals are in proper containers with proper labeling. Maintain corresponding MSDS sheets for every chemical in case of emergency.

Part I - Identification

Make a list of all chemicals used or stored in each area

Note any area that generates or accumulates waste materials

Note volume of each chemical or waste and type of container

Note the present method of storage (cabinet/counter/rack)

Note the state of the chemical or waste (liquid or solid)

Note any other pertinent information

Part II - Definition

Review MSDS, bill of lading, container label, hazardous I.D. label, numbered placard or other chemical reference material for each chemicals characteristics:

- Hazardous Characteristics
- Storage Requirements
- Compatibility Considerations
- Other Safety Concerns

All chemicals should be properly labeled and have secure lids, if not, contact an expert and dispose of properly.

Hazardous Characteristics - is the material:

Flammable or Combustible (flash point, boiling point)

Toxic

Corrosive

Light Sensitive

Oxidizer/Reducer

Poisonous/Pesticides

Require Special Handling?

Storage Requirements

Temperature (Minimum/Maximum)

Ventilation of Vapors

Ignition Control

Segregation for Compatibility

Special Identification

Volume Limitation

Spill Containment

Compatibility Consideration - when incompatible materials come into

contact, fire, explosion, violent reactions or toxic gasses could result.

Do not store the following types of chemicals together:

Acids and Bases

Oxidizers and Organic Materials

Oxidizers and Reducing Agents

Other Incompatible Chemical Combinations

Specification of approved products for facility compliance

Throughout the CLAWS guide you will find the necessary products that will help you meet the federal regulations. You may find the Compliance worksheets on pages 14 and 15 useful on your walk through to record these products. For additional information you may also check out our web site at www.eagle-mfg.com.





Do you have FM Approved waste receptacles for discarding oily and waste solvent rags.	☐ Yes ☐ No
Code(s)	Recommendations
✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.125(e)(4)(ii): Rags and other material contaminated with	Eagle Metal or Poly Oily Waste Cans, Butt Cans & Disposal Cans
liquids from dipping or coating operations are placed in approved waste cans immediately after use; and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.125(e)(4)(iii): Waste can contents are properly disposed of at the end of each shift. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (h)(8)(iii): Waste and residues. Combustible waste material and residues in a building or operating area	Model 1525 Model 1206 & 1208
shall be kept to a minimum, stored in closed waste cans, and disposed of daily.	
Do you have liquid waste cans for hazardous and combustible waste?	Model 935FL Model 1202 & 1205
of ashes and cigarettes?	Butt Can

Do you have approved containers for shipping small quantities of hazardous liquids contained in bottles, jars, cans or 5 gallon pails?

Code(s) ✓ DOT 49 CFR 173.12:

- **(b) Outside packaging.** The outside packaging must be a DOT specification metal or fiber drum. It may also be a polyethylene drum capable of withstanding:
- (1) The vibration and compression tests specified in 178.19-7 (c)(1) and (2), and
- (2) A four foot drop test as specified in 178.224-2 (b).
- (c) **Inside packagings.** The inside packagings must be either glass packagings not exceeding 1-gallon rated capacity, or metal or plastic packagings not exceeding a rated capacity of 5 gallons.

Recommendations

Eagle Lab & Overpack Drums



Waste management is required to decrease the potential exposure associated with handling hazardous waste. The main hazard is flammability. To help prevent fire, hazardous waste needs special precautions for storage, handling and use.

Do you have flammable or combustible hazardous waste stored in drum storage cabinets?

☐ Yes ☐ No

Code(s)

✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (e)(2)(ii)(b): Incidental storage or use of flammable and combustible liquids.

- (b) The quantity of liquid that may be located outside of an inside storage room or storage cabinet in a building or in any one fire area of a building shall not exceed:
- (1) 25 gallons of Class IA liquids in containers
- (2) 120 gallons of Class IB, IC, II, or III liquids in containers
- (3) 660 gallons of Class IB, IC, II, or III liquids in a single portable tank.

✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (d)(3)(i&ii): Design, construction, and capacity of storage cabinets –(I) Maximum capacity. Not more than 60 gallons of Class I or Class II liquids, nor more than 120 gallons of Class III liquids may be stored in a storage cabinet.

Recommendations



Model HAZ 1926

Do you have biohazard waste receptacles for temporary accumulation of waste contaminated with potentially infectious materials?

☐ Yes

) No

Code(s)

✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1030

The blood borne pathogens section applies to all occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials.

✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1030

(d)(4) Housekeeping. (i) General. Employers shall ensure that the worksite is maintained in a clean and sanitary condition. (g) Communication of hazards to employees. (1)(i)(A) Warning labels shall be affixed to containers of regulated waste, (B) Labels required by this section shall include the Biohazard symbol. (C) These labels shall be flourescent orange or orange-red, with lettering and symbols in contrasting color.

Recommendations

Eagle Bio-Haz Cans



Model 943BIO



Safety Storage

Do you have flammables and combustibles stored in safety storage cabinets?

Yes	Nο
163	110

Code(s)

✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (e)(2)(ii)(b): Incidental storage or use of flammable and combustible liquids.

- (b) The quantity of liquid that may be located outside of an inside storage room or storage cabinet in a building or in any one fire area of a building shall not exceed:
- (1) 25 gallons of Class IA liquids in containers.
- (2) 120 gallons of Class IB, IC, II, or III liquids in containers.
- (3) 660 gallons of Class IB, IC, II, or III liquids in a single portable tank.

Do your cabinets have operational self-closing doors as per the Uniform Fire Code 79.202?

No

✓ OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (d)(3)(i & ii): Design, construction, and capacity of storage cabinets –(I) Maximum capacity. Not more than 60 gallons of Class I or Class II liquids, nor more than

gallons of Class I or Class II liquids, nor more than 120 gallons of Class III liquids may be stored in a storage cabinet.

- (ii) Fire resistance. Storage cabinets shall be designed and constructed to limit the internal temperature to not more than 325°F when subjected to a 10-minute fire test using the standard time-temperature curve as set forth in Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials, NFPA 251-1969. All joints and seams shall remain tight and the door shall remain securely closed during the fire test. Cabinets shall be labeled in conspicuous lettering, FLAMMABLE-KEEP FIRE AWAY.
- (a) Metal cabinets constructed in the following manner shall be deemed to be in compliance. The bottom, top, door, and sides of cabinet shall be at least No. 18 gauge sheet iron and double walled with 1½-inch air space. Joints shall be riveted, welded or made tight by some equally effective means. The door shall be provided with a three-point lock, and a door sill shall be raised at least 2 inches above the bottom of the cabinet.

Recommendations

Eagle Safety Cabinets







Model 1947



Model PI-77

Any aerosol which is required to be labeled flammable under the federal hazardous substance labeling act is considered Class 1 A liquid.

2 to 110 gallon cabinets available

Improper storage and handling of flammable liquids is the leading cause of industrial fires. Proper storage of flammable liquids can help eliminate millions of dollars of damage and help save the lives of your employees.

Do you have drums containing flammable or combustible liquid stored in drum storage cabinets?

☐ Yes ⊒ No

Code(s)

✓ Uniform Fire Code 79.201

- (g) Storage Cabinets. 1. General. When provisions of this code require that liquid containers be stored in storage cabinets, such cabinets and storage shall be in accordance with this section. Cabinets shall be conspicuously labeled in red letters on contrasting background FLAMMABLE— KEEP FIRE AWAY.
- 2. Quantities. The quantity of Class I or Class II liquids shall not exceed 60 gallons and the total quantities of all liquids in a storage cabinet shall not exceed 120 gallons.
- 3. Construction. Cabinets may be constructed of wood or metal. Cabinets shall be listed or constructed in accordance with the following:
- A. Unlisted metal cabinets. Metal cabinets shall be of steel having a thickness of not less than 0.043 inch. The cabinet, including the door, shall be double walled with 1½-inch air space between the walls. Joints shall be riveted or welded and shall be tight fitting. Doors shall be well fitted, self-closing and equipped with a latching device. The bottom of the cabinet shall be liquidtight to a height of at least two inches.

Recommendations

Eagle Drum Cabinets



Model 1926



Model 1928

Do you have adequate facilities for corros

paint and link products:	
Maximum Storage Quantities For Cabinets	;

Liquid Class	Maximum Storage Capacity
Flammable/Class I	60 gal.
Combustible/Class II	60 gal.
Combustible Class III	120 gal.
Combination of Classes	120 gal.*

* Not more than 60 gallons may be Class I and Class II liquids. No more than 120 gallons of Class III liquids may be stored in a storage cabinet, according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106(d)(3) and NFPA 30 Section 4-3.1.

Note: Not more than three such cabinets may be located in a single fire area, according to NFPA 30 Section 4-3.1.

☐ Yes

☐ No

Recommendations Eagle Acid Corrosive, Pesticide,

and Paint & Ink Cabinets



Model CRA-47

High Density Polyethylene Chemical Resistance Guide

70°F 140°F 70			70°F	140°F		70°F	F 140°F	
		(60°C))(60°C)	Reagent ((60°C)
Acetaldehyde	S	0	Butter	S	S	Dichlorobenzane (O&P)		U
Acetic acid 1-10%	S	Š	Butyl acetate 100%	Ō	Ū	Diethylene glycol	S	S
Acetic acid 10-50%	S	0	Butyl alcohol 100%	S	S	Disodium phosphate	S	S
Acetic acid 50-100%	S	0	Butylene glycol	S	S	Dioxane	S	S
Acetic anhydride	S	S	Butylic acid 100%	S	S	Emulsions photographic		S
Acetone	S	S	Caffeine citrate saturated		S	Ether	0	0
Acids, aromatic	S	S	Calcium bisulfide	S	S	Ethyl acetate 100%	0	0
Acrylic emulsions	S S	S S	Calcium bromide	S	S S	Ethyl alcohol 100%	S	S
Adipic acid Aluminum chloride dilute	S	S	Calcium carbonate sat'd. Calcium chlorate saturated		S	Ethyl alcohol 35% Ethylbenzene	S O	S U
Aluminum chloride conc.	S	S	Calcium chloride saturated		S	Ethylene glycol	S	S
Aluminum fluoride conc.	S	S	Calcium hydroxide	S	S	Ferric chloride sat'd.	s	S
Aluminum sulfate conc.	S	S	Calcium hypochloride	-	-	Ferric nitrate sat'd.	S	S
Alume (all Itypes) conc.	S	S	bleach sol'n	S	S	Ferrous ammonium citra	ateS	Š
Amino acetic acid	S	S	Calcium nitrate 50%	S	S	Ferrous chloride sat'd.	S	S
Ammonia 100% dry gas	S	S	Calcium sulfate	S	S	Ferrous sulfate	S	S
Ammonium acetate	S	S	Camphor crystals	S	S	Fluoboric acid	S	S
Ammonium bromide	S	S	Camphor oil	U	U	Fluorine	S	U
Ammonium carbonate	S	S	Carbon dioxide 100% dry		S	Fluosilicic acid 32%	S	S
Ammonium chloride sat'd		S S	Carbon dioxide 100% wet Carbon dioxide cold sat'd		S S	Fluosiicic acid conc.	S	S
Ammonium fluoride 20% Ammonium hydroxide	S S	S	Carbon disulphide	. 0	U	Formaldehyde 10-30%	s	S
Ammonium nydroxide	5	0	Carbon disciplide Carbon monixide	s	S	30-40%	S	0
metaphosphates sat'd	S	S	Carbon tetrachloride	Ü	Ü	Formic acid 20%	S	S
Ammonium nitrate sat's.	S	S	Carbonic acid	s	S	Formic acid 50%	S	S
Ammonium		-	Carnauba wax	s	S	Formic acid 100%	S	Š
persulfate sat'd	S	S	Carrot juice	S	S	Fructose saturated	s	S
Ammonium phosphate	S	S	Castor oil conc.	S	S	Fuel oil	S	U
Ammonium sulfate sat'd.		S	Catsup	S	S	Furtural 100%	0	U
Ammonium sulfide sat'd.	S	S	Caustic soda	S	0	Furturyl alcohol	S	0
Ammonium	_	_	Cedar leaf oil	U	U	Galtic acid saturated	S	S
thiocyanate sat'd.	S	S	Cedar wood oil	U	U	Gasolene	S	U
Amyl acetate 100% Amyl alcohol 100%	O S	U S	Chlorine liquid Chlorobenzene	0	U U	Glucose	S S	S S
Amyl chloride 100%	0	U	Chloroform	Ü	U	Clycerine Glycol	S	S
Aniline 100%	S	U	Chlorosulfonic acid 100%		Ü	Glycolic acid 30%	S	S
Anise seed oil	Ö	Ü	Chrome alum sat'd.	S	Š	Grape juice	S	S
Antimony chloride	s	S	Chromic acid 10-20%	S	0	Grapefruit juice	S	Š
Aqua regla	0	U	Chromic acid 50%	S	0	Heptane	O	U
Aromatic hydrocarbons	U	U	Cider	S	S	Hexachlorobenzene	S	S
Arsenic	S	S	Cinnamon	S	S	Hexane	U	U
Aspirin	S	S	Cinnamon oil	U	U	Hydrobromic acid 50%	S	S
Barium carbonate sat'd.	S	S S	Citric acid sat'd.	S O	S	Hydrochloric acid 10%	S	S
Barium chloride saturated Barium hydroxide	S	S	Citronella oil Cloves (ground)	S	U S	Hydrochloric acid 30%	S S	S S
Barium sulfate saturated	S	S	Coconut oil alcohols	S	S	Hydrochloric acid 35% Hydrocyanic acid	S	S
Barium sulfide saturated	S	S	Cod liver oil	S	S	Hydrocyanic acid sat'd.		S
Beer Sande Saturated	S	S	Coffee	S	S	Hydrofluoric acid 40%	S	S
Benzaldehyde	s	Ö	Copper chloride sat'd.	S	Š	Hydrofluoric acid 60%	S	Š
Benzene	0	U	Copper cyanide sat'd.	S	S	Hydrofluoric acid 75%	S	S
Benzene sulfonic acid	S	S	Copper fluoride 2%	S	S	Hydrogen 100%	S	S
Benzic acid			Copper nitrate sat'd.	S	S	Hydrogen bromide 10%		S
Crystals	S	S	Copper sulfate dilute	S	S	Hydrogen chloride gas		S
Saturated	S	S	Corn oil	S	S	Hydrogen peroxide 30%		S
Bismuth carbonate sat'd.		S S	Cottonseed oil	S S	S S	Hydrogen peroxide 90%		0 S
Black liquor Bleach Ive 10%	S S	S	Cranberry sauce Creola	S	0	Hydroquinone	S	S
Borax cold saturated	S	S	Cuprous chloride sat'd	S	S	Hydrogen sulfide Hypochlorous acid cond	S	S
Boric acid dilute	S	S	Cuprous oxide	S	S	Inks	:. S S	S
Brine	s	S	Cyclohexane	Ŭ	Ü	lodine crystals	Ö	Ö
Bromic acid 10%	S	S	Cyclohexanone	Ü	Ü	Isobutyl alcohol	s	S
Bromine liquid 100%	Ö	Ü	Decalin	Š	Ü	Isopropyl alcohol	s	S
Bromochloromethane	U	U	Detergents synthetic	S	S	Isopropyl ether	0	U
Butadlene	U	U	Developers photographic		S	Kerosene	0	0
Butanediol 10%	S	S	Dextrin saturated	S	S	Lactic acid 10%	S	S
Butanediol 60%	S	S	Dextrose saturated	S	S	Lactic acid 90%	S	S
Butanediol 100%	S	S	Dibutyl ether	0	U	Lanolin	S	S

High Density Polyethylene Chemical Resistance Guide

70°F 140°F				°-	° =	
			_	70°F 140°F		
Reagent ()(60°C)			(60°C)	
Lard	S	S	Pine oil	0	U	
Lead acetate sat'd.	S	S	Plating solutions			
Lead nitrate	S	S	Brass	S	S	
Lemon juice	S	S	Cadmium	S	S	
Lemon oil	0	U	Chromium	S	S	
Lime juice	S	S	Copper	S	S	
Linseed oil	S	S	Gold	S	S	
Magnesium sulfate sat'd.	S S	S S	Indium Lead	S S	S S	
Margarine Magnasium	5	5	Nickel	S	S	
Magnesium carbonate sat'd.	s	s	Rhodium	S	S	
Magnesium	3	3	Silver	S	S	
chloride saturated	s	S	Tin	s	S	
Magnesium	•	Ü	Zinc	S	S	
hydroxide sat'd.	S	S	Potassium	Ŭ	Ū	
Magnesium nitrate sat'd.	s	S	bicarbonate sat'd.	S	S	
Mercuric chloride	s	Š	Potassium borate 1%	s	Š	
Mercuric cyanide sat'd.	S	S	Potassium bromate 10%		S	
Mercurous nitrate sat'd.	S	S	Potassium bromide sat'd	l. S	S	
Mercury	S	S	Potassium carbonate	S	S	
Methyl alcohol 100%	S	S	Potassium chlorate sat'd	. S	S	
Methyl ethyl ketone 100%	Ú	Ü	Potassium chloride sat'd		S	
Methylsulfuric acid	S	S	Potassium cyanide sat'd	. s	S	
Methylene chloride 100%	U	U	Potassium dichromate 4		S	
Milk	S	S	Potassium ferri/ferro			
Mineral oils	S	U	cyanide	S	S	
Molasses	S	S	Potassium nitrate sat'd.	S	S	
Mustard (prepared)	S	S	Potassium perborate sat	'd. S	S	
Naphtha	0	U	Potassium			
Napthalene	S	U	perchlorate 10%	S	S	
Natural gas (wet)	S	S	Potassium			
Nickel chloride sat'd.	S	S	permanganate 20%	S	S	
Nickel nitrate conc.	S	S	Potassium sulfate conc.	S	S	
Nickel sulfate	S	S	Potassium sulfide conc.	S	S	
Nicotinic acid	S	S	Potassium sulfite conc.	S	S	
Nitric acid 0-30%	S	S	Potassium			
Nitric acid 30-50%	S	0	persulfate sat'd.	S	S	
Nitric acid 70%	S	0	Propane gas	S	S	
Nitric acid 85-90%	U	U	Propergyl alcohol	S	S	
Nitrobenzene 100%	U	U	Propyl alcohol	S	S	
Nitroglycerine	0	U	Propylene glycol	S	S	
Octane	S	S	Pyridine	S	0	
Oleura conc.	U	U	Rayon coagulating bath	S	S	
Olive oil	S	S	Resorcinol	S	S	
Orange juice	S	S	Sallcytic acid	S	S	
Ozalic acid dilute	S	S	Sea water	S	S	
Ozalic acid saturated	S	S	Shortening	S	S	
Ozone	0	0	Silicic acid	S	S	
Palm oil	S	S	Silver nitrate sol'n.	S	S	
Paraffin oil	S	0	Soap solution conc.	S	S	
Peanut butter	S	S	Sodium acetate sat'd.	S	S	
Perchloroethylene	U	U	Sodium benzoate 35%	S	S	
Pepper (fresh ground)	S	S	Sodium bicarbonate sat'		S S	
Peppermint oil	0	U	Sodium bisulfate sat'd.	S S	S	
Perchloric acid 50%	S U	O U	Sodium bisulfite sat'd. Sodium borate	S	S	
Petroleum ether	S	-		-	S	
Petroleum jelly Phenol	S	S S	Sodium carbonate conc. Sodium chlorate sat'd.	S	S	
	S	S	Sodium chlorate sat'd. Sodium chloride sat'd.	S	S	
Phosphoric acid 0-30%	S	S	Sodium chloride sat d. Sodium cyanide	S	S	
Phosphoric acid 30-90%		S			S	
Phosphoric acid over 90%	% S S	S	Sodium dichromate sat'd Sodium ferricyanide sat'd		S	
Photographic solutions Phthalic anhydride	S	S	Sodium ferricyanide sat o	u.S	S	
Pickling baths	J	3	Sodium fluoride sat'd.	S	S	
Sulfuric acid	s	s	Sodium hydroxide conc.		S	
Hydrochloric acid	S	S	Sodium hypochlorite	S	S	
Sulfuric-nitric	S	IJ	Godium hypochiome	3	3	
			l			

70°F 140°F Reagent (21°C)(60°C) Sodium nitrate S S Sodiumnitrite Sodium perborate S s Sodium phosphate S S Sodium sulfide 25% to saturated S S Sodium sulfite sat'd S S Sodium thlosulphate S S S S Soybean oil Stannous chloride sat'd. S S S Stannic chloride sat'd. S Starch solution sat'd. S S S Stearic acid 100% Sulfuric acid 0-50% S 0 Sulfuric acid 70% S Sulfuric acid 80% U Sulfuric acid 96% 0 U Sulfuric acid 96% conc. 0 U Sulfuric acid furning U U Sulfurous acid S S Tartaric acid S S Tannic acid 10% S S Tea S S 0 0 Tetrahydrofurane Toluene U U S S Tomato juice Transformer oil S 0 Trisodium phosphate sat'd. S Trichloroethylene U U Turpentine U S S Urea Urine S S s Vanilla extract Vaseline S S S S Vinegar com. Wetting agents S S S Whiskey Wines S S Xylene U U Yeast S S Zinc chloride sat'd. S S S S Zinc oxide Zinc sulfate sat'd.

Legend:

S = Satisfactory

O = Some Attack

U = Unsatisfactory

Note:

The above information concerns general chemical resistance only. Since other factors such as permeation, ESCR, and container design are involved full compatibility testing is recommended.

Eagle Products Listing

Eagle Model	Capacity	Description	Eagle Model	Capacity	Description
		IMENT	1315	5 Gal.	Stainless Steel
Haz-N	lat Platfo	orms & Pallets	F-15	-	9" Poly Funnel for Metal Type I Cans
1612 1620	65 Gal. 66 Gal.	Single Drum Containment Unit 2 Drum Containment Pallet	Type II	Safety	Cans Ped - w/7/8" O.D. Fley Spout
1631 1632	34 Gal. 30 Gal.	2 Drum Budget Basin 2 Drum Modular Platform	U2-26-S U2-51-S U2-26-SY	2 Gal. 5 Gal. 2 Gal.	Red - w/7/8" O.D. Flex Spout Red - w/7/8" O.D. Flex Spout Yellow - w/7/8" O.D. Flex Spout
1633 1634	12 Gal. 30 Gal.	1 Drum Modular Platform 4 Drum Modular Platform	U2-51-SY	5 Gal.	Yellow - w/7/8" O.D. Flex Spout
1635 1636	60.5 Gal 17.5 Gal.	4 Drum Modular Platform 1 Drum Budget Basin	U2-26-SB U2-51-SB	2 Gal. 5 Gal.	Blue - w/7/8" O.D. Flex Spout Blue - w/7/8" O.D. Flex Spout
1637 1638	30 Gal.	Mobile Spill Control Platform	Labora	tory Sa	fety Cans
1640	66 Gal. 90 Gal.	4 Drum Budget Basin 4 Drum Containment Pallet	1401 1301	1 Gal. 1 Gal.	Metal-Red w/Pouring Lip Stainless Steel
1645 1646	66 Gal. 66 Gal.	4 Drum Low Profile Containment Pallet 4 Drum Nestable Containment Pallet	1508 1509	1/2 Gal. 1 Gal.	Polyethylene - Yellow Polyethylene - Yellow
1647 1677	66 Gal. 5 Gal.	4 Drum In-line Spill Containment Platform Containment Utility Tray	1510	1/2 Gal.	Polyethylene - Red
1686 1688	88 Gal. 90 Gal.	6 Drum Spill Containment Platform 8 Drum Spill Containment Platform	1511 1512	1 Gal. 1/2 Gal.	Polyethylene - Red Polyethylene - White
1689	_	Poly Ramp for Platform Units	1513	1 Gal.	Polyethylene - White
Drum 1613	& IBC P 12 Gal.	Products Drum Bogie - Mobile Dispensing Unit	1327	Faucet 5 Gal.	Stainless Steel w/Stainless ECO Faucet
1614	- -	Drum Tray	1417	5 Gal.	Stainless Steel w/Brass Faucet
1615 1660	-	Drum Tray with Grating Drum Funnel	Safety P-701	Plunger 1 Qt.	Cans Metal - Red
1662 1664	_	Drum Funnel w/Screen Funnel Cover	P-702 P-704	2 Qt. 4 Qt.	Metal - Red Metal - Red
1665 1666	_	65 Gal. Salvage Drum/Overpack Drum Cover - Closed Head	P-711	1 Qt.	Polyethylene - Red
1667 1670	– 1 Gal.	Drum Cover - Open Head Yellow Drip Pan Complete	P-712 P-714	2 Qt. 4 Qt.	Polyethylene - Red Polyethylene - Red
1680 1683	400 Gal. 400 Gal.	IBC Spill Containment Unit All Poly IBC Spill Containment Unit	Safety	Bench 6	& Daub Cans
1684	400 Gal.	Double All Poly IBC Spill Containment Unit	B-600-D B-601	1/2 Pt. 1 Qt.	Metal - Red Daub Can Metal - Red Bench Can
Lab, C	Overpack	& Salvage Drums	B-602 B-604	2 Qt. 4 Qt.	Metal - Red Bench Can Metal - Red Bench Can
1600SL 1601	30 Gal. 30 Gal.	30 Gallon Lab Pack w/Screw Top Lid 30 Gallon Drum	B-606 B-606NL	6 Qt.	Metal - Red Bench Can
1601M 1601MB	30 Gal. 30 Gal.	30 Gallon Drum w/Metal Lever Lock Ring 30 Gallon Drum w/Metal Lever Lock Ring - Blue	B-608	6 Qt. 8 Qt.	Metal - Red Bench Can w/o Lid Metal - Red Bench Can
1602 1610	30 Gal. 14 Gal.	30 Gal Salvage Drum w/Lid & Metal Bolt Ring 14 Gallon Drum	DOT A	pproved	l Transport Can
1610MB 1650	14 Gal. 20 Gal.	14 Gallon Drum w/Metal Lever Lock Ring - Blue 20 Gal. Lab Pack w/Screw Top Lid	1215	5 Gal.	Red Galvanized Steel Type II Style Safety Can w/7/8" Flexible Hose
1650BEI	20 Gal.	20 Gal. Lab Pack w/Screw Top Lid - Beige	WAS	STE N	MANAGEMENT
1652 1654	20 Gal. 20 Gal.	20 Gallon Drum 20 Gal Salvage Drum w/Lid & Metal Bolt-Ring	Safety 906-FI	Oily Wa	Salvanized Steel - Red w/Foot Lever
1655 1655M_	55 Gal. 55 Gal.	55 Gallon Drum 55 Gallon Drum w/metal lever lock	910-FL 914-FL	10 Gal. 14 Gal.	Galvanized Steel - Red w/Foot Lever Galvanized Steel - Red w/Foot Lever
1655MB 1656	55 Gal. 55 Gal.	55 Gallon Drum w/metal lever lock - Blue 55 Gallon straight side Drum	921	21 Gal.	Galvanized Steel - Red - Hand Lift Only
1656M 1656MB	55 Gal. 55 Gal.	55 Gallon straight side Drum w/metal lever lock 55 Gallon straight side Drum	933-FL 935-FL	6 Gal. 10 Gal.	Polyethylene - Red w/Foot Lever Polyethylene - Red w/Foot Lever
1661	65 Gal.	w/metal lever lock - Blue 65 Gallon Overpack Drum w/Screw Top Lid	937-FL	14 Gal.	Polyethylene - Red w/Foot Lever
1665 1690	65 Gal. 95 Gal.	65 Gallon Salvage Drum/Overpack 95 Gal. Overpack Drum w/Screw Top Lid	943BIO	Biohaza 6 Gal.	ardous Waste Cans Polyethylene - Red w/Foot Lever
1695	95 Gal.	95 Gal. Salvage Drum/Overpack	945BIO 947BIO	10 Gal. 14 Gal.	Polýethýlene - Red w/Foot Lever Polyethylene - Red w/Foot Lever
	ontal Dru	ım Stacking Systems		Dispose	
1605 1606	=	Poly Drum Cradle Single Drum Poly Stacker	1423 1425	2.5 Gal. 5 Gal.	Metal Steel - Red Metal Steel - Red
1607 1608	_	Double Drum Poly Stacker Poly Shelf for Stacker Units	1323 1325	2.5 Gal. 5 Gal.	Stainless Steel
Haz-N	lat Acces	ssories	1519	3 Gal.	Stainless Steel Polyethylene - Red
1618 1622	_	Drum Tray Dolly 2 Drum Pallet Tarp	1525 1515	5 Gal. 3 Gal.	Polyethylene - Red Polyethylene - Yellow
1629 1644	_	Work Station Dolly 4 Drum Pallet Tarp	1521 1517	5 Gal. 3 Gal.	Polyethylene - Yellow Polyethylene - White
1698 1952	_	Drum Dolly for 95 Gallon Overpack Overpack Dolly	1523	5 Gal.	Polyethylene - White
		ANDLING	Lift Oi 605	I Drain C 5 Gal.	Can Lift Oil Drain Can - Red
Type UI-2-FS	Safety (Cans Metal - Red	SafeSi	noker C	igarette Receptacles
UI-4-FS	2 Qt.	Metal - Red	1206 1208	5 Qt. 4 Gal.	SafeSmoker TM SafeSmoker TM
UI-10-FS UI-20-FS	1 Gal. 2 Gal.	Metal - Red Metal - Red		Butt C	
UI-25-FS UI-25-FS\	2.5 Gal. / 2.5 Gal.	Metal - Red Metal - Yellow	1200yellov	/ 5 Gal.	Original All Steel - Yellow Original All Steel - Beige
UI-50-FS UI-20-FS\	5 Gal. 7 2 Gal.	Metal - Red Metal - Yellow	1200beige 1202	2 Gal.	Galvanized Steel - Yellow
UI-50-FS\ UI-20-FSE	/ 5 Gal.	Metal - Yellow Metal - Yellow Metal - Blue	1202-BEI 1205	2 Gal. 5 Gal.	Galvanized Steel - Beige Galvanized Steel - Yellow
UI-50-FSE UI-20-FSC	3 5 Gal.	Metal - Blue Metal - Green	1205-BEI	5 Gal.	Galvanized Steel - Beige
UI-50-FS0	3 5 Gal.	Metal - Green	SAF	Storage	STORAGE e Cabinets - Yellow
1537	3 Gal.	funnel delete 'F from model number Polyethylene - Red	1900 1901	2 Gal. 2 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing One Shelf One Door Manual One Shelf
1543 1535	5 Gal. 3 Gal.	Polyethylene - Red Polyethylene - White	1903 1904	4 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing One Shelf One Door Manual One Shelf
1541 1533	5 Gal. 3 Gal.	Polyethylene - White Polyethylene - Yellow	1924	4 Gal. 12 Gal.	One Door Manual One Shelf One Door Manual One Shelf One Door Manual One Shelf
1539 1313	5 Gal. 2.5 Gal.	Polýethýlene - Yellow Stainless Steel	1925 ADD-14	12 Gal. 15 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing Optional Shelf
14			ADD-15 1905	15 Gal. 16 Gal.	Two Door Manual Optional Shelf One Door Self-Closing One Shelf
14					

Eagle Products Listing

Eagle Model	Capacity	Description	Eagle Model	Capacity	Description
1906 1970 1971 1923	16 Gal. 22 Gal. 22 Gal. 24 Gal.	One Door Manual One Shelf Two Door Self-Closing One Shelf Two Door Manual One Shelf One Door Manual Three Shelves	CRA-4510 CRA-62 CRA-6010	45 Gal. 60 Gal. 60 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing Two Shelves Two Door Manual Two Shelves Two Door Self-Closing Two Shelves
2310 1975 1976	24 Gal. 24 Gal. 24 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing Three Shelves Two Door Self-Closing Three Shelves Two Door Manual Three Shelves	Polyeti CRA-P04 CRA-P04W	4 Gal.	Acid & Corrosive Cabinets Poly One Door Manual One Shelf - Blue Poly One Door Manual One Shelf - White
1930 1932	30 Gal. 30 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing One Shelf Two Door Manual One Shelf	CRA-P22 CRA-P22W	22 Gal. / 22 Gal.	Poly Two Door Manual Two Shelves - Blue Poly Two Door Manual Two Shelves - White
3010 1945 1947	30 Gal. 45 Gal. 45 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing One Shelf One Door Self-Closing Two Shelves Two Door Manual Two Shelves	CRA-P44 CRA-P44W	44 Gal. / 44 Gal.	Polý Four Door Manual Four Shelves - Blue Poly Four Door Manual Four Shelves - White
4510 1946	45 Gal. 48 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing Two Shelves One Door Manual Three Shelves	PEST-P04	4 Gal.	rage Cabinets - Green Poly One Door Manual One Shelf
4610 1961	48 Gal. 60 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing Three Shelves One Door Manual Two Shelves	PEST-P22 PEST-24	22 Gal. 12 Gal.	Polý Two Door Manual Two Shelves One Door Self-Closing One Shelf
6110 1962 6010	60 Gal. 60 Gal. 60 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing Two Shelves Two Door Manual Two Shelves Two Door Self-Closing Two Shelves	PEST-25 PEST-26 PEST-2610	12 Gal. 55 Gal. 55 Gal.	One Door Manual One Shelf Two Door Manual Vertical Drum Two Door Self-Closing Vertical Drum
1964 6410	60 Gal. 60 Gal.	One Door Manual One Shelf Two Door Self-Closing One Shelf	PEST-32 PEST-3010	30 Gal.	Two Door Manual One Shelf Two Door Self-Closing One Shelf
1992 9010	90 Gal. 90 Gal.	Two Door Manual Two Shelves Two Door Self-Closing Two Shelves	PEST-47 PEST-4510 PEST-62	45 Gal. 45 Gal. 60 Gal.	Two Door Manual Two Shelves Two Door Self-Closing Two Shelves Two Door Manual Two Shelves
1924LFG	5 12 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing w/4" Legs One Shelf One Door Manual w/4" Legs One Shelf	PEST-6010	60 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing Two Shelves
1925LEG 1905LEG 1906LEG 1932LEG	6 16 Gal. 6 16 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing w/4" Legs One Shelf	Office 1947-4BE 1947-4GR	Supply	Cabinets Office Supply Cabinet - Beige Office Supply Cabinet - Gray
3010LEG	30 Gal. 3 45 Gal.	Two Door Manual w4* Legs One Shelf Two Door Self-Closing w4* Legs One Shelf Two Door Manual w4* Legs Two Shelves Two Door Manual w4* Legs Two Shelves Two Door Self-Closing w4* Legs Two Shelves Two Door Self-Closing w4*	GUA Poly P	RDS	& PROTECTORS
4510LEG	6 45 Gal. 6 60 Gal.		1732 1730		Sleeve for 4" Round Post Sleeve for 6" Round Post
6010LEG 1992LEG 9010LEG	S 90 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing w/4" Legs Two Shelves Two Door Manual w/4" Legs Two Shelves Two Door Self-Closing w/4" Legs Two Shelves	1738 Available i 1735	in Yellow, Wh	Sleeve for 8" Round Post lite, Red, Brown, Green, Orange, Lime, Black and Blue Smooth Sleeve for 4" Round Post Smooth Sleeve for 6" Round Post
Paink/ PI-32LEGS	'Ink Safet 6 40 Gal.	ty Storage Cabinets - Red	1737		Smooth Sleeve for 8" Round Post
PI-47LEGS PI-62LEGS	60 Gal.	Two Door Manual w/4" Legs Three Shelves Two Door Manual w/4" Legs Five Shelves Two Door Manual w/4" Legs Five Shelves		e in Yellow an	d Red I Protectors
PI-77 PI-7710	30 Gal. 30 Gal.	Two Door Manual Close Five Shelves Two Door Self-Closing Five Shelves	1720 1725	- •••	21" Corner Protector (set of two) 42" Corner Protector (set of two)
PI-30 PI-32 PI-3010	40 Gal. 40 Gal. 40 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing Three Shelves Two Door Manual Three Shelves Two Door Self-Closing Three Shelves	1726 1728		6" Wall Protector 10" Wall Protector
PI-45 PI-47	60 Gal. 60 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing Five Shelves Two Door Manual Five Shelves	Columi	n Prote	ctors 4"-6" Narrow Column Protector
PI-4510 PI-62	60 Gal. 120 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing Five Shelves Two Door Manual Close Five Shelves	1704 1706 1706LM		6" Polyethylene Column Protector
PI-6010	120 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing Five Shelves ty Storage Cabinets - Yellow	17060R 1708		6" Polyethylene Column Protector - Lime 6" Polyethylene Column Protector - Orange 8" Polyethylene Column Protector
YPI-77 YPI-7710	30 Gal. 30 Gal.	Two Door Manual Close Five Shelves Two Door Self-Closing Five Shelves	1708LM 17080R 1709		8" Polyethylene Column Protector - Lime 8" Polyethylene Column Protector - Orange 9" Round Polyethylene Column Protector
YPI-30 YPI-32	40 Gal. 40 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing Three Shelves Two Door Manual Three Shelves	1709LM 17090R		9" Round Polyethylene Column Protector - Lime
YPI-3010 YPI-45 YPI-47	40 Gal. 60 Gal. 60 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing Three Shelves One Door Self-Closing Five Shelves Two Door Manual Five Shelves	1710 1710LM		10" Polyethylene Column Protector 10" Polyethylene Column Protector - Lime 10" Polyethylene Column Protector - Orange
YPI-4510 YPI-62	60 Gal. 96 Gal.	Two Door Manual Five Shelves Two Door Self-Closing Five Shelves Two Door Manual Close Five Shelves	17100R 1712		
YPI-6010	96 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing Five Shelves	1712LM 1712OR 1724-6		12" Polyethylene Column Protector - Lime 12" Polyethylene Column Protector - Orange 6" Polyethylene Mini Column Protector 6" Polyethylene Mini Column Protector - Red 9" Polyethylene Mini Column Protector
1926	y Storag 55 Gal. 55 Gal.	e Drum Cabinets - Yellow Two Door Manual Vertical Drum	1724-6 RE 1724-8		o Fulyetilylelle iviilli Gulullii Fi diectui
2610 1928 2810	55 Gal. 55 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing Vertical Drum Two Door Manual Horizontal Drum Two Door Self-Closing Horizontal Drum	1724-8 RE 1724-10 1724-10 R		8" Polyethylene Mini Column Protector – Red 10" Polyethylene Mini Column Protector
1955 5510	110 Gal. 110 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing Horizontal Drum Two Door Manual - 2 Vertical Drum Two Door Self-Closing Vertical Drum	1724-10 R 1724-12 1724-12 R		10" Polýethýlene Mini Column Protector – Red 12" Polyethylene Mini Column Protector 12" Polyethylene Mini Column Protector – Red
HAZ1926	55 Gal.	zardous Waste Drum Cabinets Two Door Manual 1-Vertical Drum	Parking	g Stops	s/Speed Bumps Parking Stop - Yellow
HAZ2610 HAZ1955	110 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing 1-Vertical Drum Two Door Manual 2-Vertical Drums Two Door Manual 2-Vertical 30 Gal. Drums	1790B 1790BLK		Parking Stop - Blue Parking Stop - Black w/Yellow Stipes
HAZ1992 HAZ9010	60 Gal.	Two Door Self-Closing 2-Vertical 30 Gal. Drums	1790G 1792 1793		Parking Stop - Gray 6' Speed Bump - Cable Guard - Yellow 9' Speed Bump - Cable Guard - Yellow
Acid & CRA-1903	S. Corros 3 4 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing One Shelf		/Dockpl	ates
CRA-1904 CRA-1923	3 24 Gal	One Door Manual Three Shelfe	1794 1795		Poly Curb Ramp - Yellow Portable Poly Dockplate for Hand Trucks - 35"
CRA-2310 CRA-1924 CRA-1925	1 12 Gal. 1 12 Gal. 5 12 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing Three Shelves One Door Self-Closing One Shelf One Door Manual One Shelf	1795CR 1796		Poly Shipping Container Ramp Fixed Poly Dockplate for Hand Trucks
CRA-ADD CRA-ADD	15 Gal. 14 15 Gal.	Two Door Manual Uptional Shelf	1797		Portable Poly Dockplate for Hand Trucks - 48"
CRA-1905 CRA-1906	6 16 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing One Shelf One Door Manual One Shelf Two Door Self-Closing One Shelf		Availa	able: Machine Guards
CRA-70 CRA-71 CRA-30	22 Gal. 22 Gal. 30 Gal.	Two Door Manual One Shelf		Post Delineat	
CRA-32 CRA-3010	30 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing One Shelf Two Door Manual One Shelf Two Door Self-Closing One Shelf	Багліва Н	1000065	
CRA-45 CRA-47	45 Gal. 45 Gal.	One Door Self-Closing Two Shelves Two Door Manual Two Shelves			

Glossary

Approved - approved, or listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory.

Bloodborne Pathogens - pathogenic micro-organisms that are present in human blood and can cause disease in humans.

Boiling Point - the boiling point of a liquid at a pressure of 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute (p.s.i.a.). **Bonding** - the interconnecting of two objects with clamps and wire to equalize the electrical potential to help prevent static sparks that could ignite flammable materials.

Closed Container - a container sealed by means of a lid or other device that neither liquid nor vapor will escape from it at ordinary temperatures.

Container - any can, barrel or drum.

Contaminated - the presence or the reasonably anticipated presence of blood or other potentially infectious materials on an item or surface.

Fire Area is defined by NFPA Code 30 as an area of a building separated from the remainder of the building by construction having a fire resistance of at least 1 hour and having all communicating openings properly protected by an assembly having a fire resistance rating of at least 1 hour. The NFPA also provides a special provision for the grouping of flammable cabinets in an industrial facility due to the lack of walls or barriers. In an industrial occupancy, additional cabinets may be located in the same fire area if the additional cabinets, or the group of not more than three (3) cabinets, is separated from the other cabinets or group of cabinets by at least 100 feet (30m).

Flammable Aerosol - an aerosol which is required to be labeled "Flammable" under the Federal Hazardous Substances Labeling Act. Such aerosols are considered Class IA liquids.

Flame Arrester - a mesh or perforated metal insert within a flammable storage container (safety can, cabinet) which protects its contents from external flames or ignition by absorbing and dissipating heat entering the can, therefore keeping the vapor pressure below its ignition point.

Flashpoint - the lowest temperature at which a flammable vapor-air mixture above the liquid will ignite when an ignition source is present.

FM - Factory Mutual -a national testing laboratory and approval service recognized by OSHA.

Grounding - the conducting connection between a container and "ground," usually with a wire, to prevent generation of static electric sparks.

Liquid - any material which has a fluidity greater than that of 300 penetration asphalt when tested in accordance with ASTM Test for Penetration for Bituminous Materials.

Regulated Waste - liquid or semi-liquid blood or other potentially infectious materials; contaminated items that would release blood or other potentially infectious materials in a liquid or semi-liquid state if compressed; items that are caked with dried blood or other potentially infectious materials and are capable of releasing these materials during handling; contaminated sharps; and pathological and microbiological wastes containing blood or other potentially infectious materials.

UN Markings: UN 1H2/X340/S/96USA/M4990

1- Type of Container (drum), H-material of construction (plastic), 2- Removable head/X-Testing performance (X=Groups I, II, & III), 340-Max. Wt. of Container (Kg)/S-solids/96 - Year of Manufacture, USA-State Authorization Mark/M - certification compliance, 4990 - Testing Agency number.

Vapor Pressure - the pressure, measured in pounds per square inch (absolute) exerted by a volatile liquid as determined by the "Standard Method of Test for Vapor Pressure of Petroleum Products" (Reid Method).

_FLAMMABLE	FLAMMABLE AND COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS DEFINED					
	Flammable					
	Flashpoint less than 100	°F				
Class	Flashpoint	Boiling Point				
IA	<73°F	<100°F				
IB	<73°F	>100°F				
IC	73°F - 100°F					
	Combustible					
Flashpoint at or above 100°F.						
Class	Flashpoint	Boiling Point				
Ш	100° - 140°F					
IIIA	140° - 200°F					
IIIB	+200°F					

Liquid volatility increases with temperature. Classes change with mixtures and contamination. Reference: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106 (a)(18)

SAFETY CAN-CHEMICAL COMPATIBILITY											
Reagent	1	2	3	Reagent	1	2	3				
Acetic Acid	N	Υ		Fuel Oil	Υ	Υ	Υ				
Acetone	Υ*	Υ		Gasoline	Υ	Υ	Υ				
Aniline	N	Υ	Υ	Heptane	Y	Y	Υ				
Benzene	N	Υ	Υ	Hexane	Y	N	Υ				
Butadiene	N	N		Kerosene	Y	<u> Y</u>	Y				
2-Butanona	Y*	Υ			N	Υ	Y				
Butylene	Y	N		Methylene Chloride	N	N	Y				
Chlorofluorocarbons	N	N					Y				
Cyclohexane	N	N		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Y* Pentane Y			Y N				
Cyclohexanone Ethanol	N N	N	Y				Ŋ				
Ethyl Acetate	N	Ϋ́					Ϋ́				
Ethyl Ether	Y*		Ϋ́				Ι'n				
Ethylene Glycol	N	Ÿ	Ý	Xylene	Ÿ	Ϋ	Ÿ				
KEY											
Galvanized Steel or Terne Plate-1 Polyethylene- 2 Stainless Steel-3											
Use when chemical purity is not critical. Some chemicals may caustics and other cardiscals flat purity is critical.											
Y=Yes N=No				* May discolor solvent if water pre	sent	-					
Y=Yes N=No	ply,	lnc.,	Jane	* May discolor solvent if water pre esville, WI - Reproduced with permission.	sent		_				
Y=Yes N=No © Lab Safety Sup CAUTION: Resistance to mix	ked	sol	vent				to				

The material contained in this publication is provided for general information purposes only and should not be considered as advice on any specific safety, legal or regulatory issue. Eagle Manufacturing Company assumes no responsibility, obligation or liability in conjunction with the use or misuse of the material herein or of the CLAWS program. For specific product information, call Eagle's customer service department at 304-737-3171 or e-mail at sales@eagle-mfg. com for free video and product literature.





Great People • Great Products

A TRADITION OF QUALITY



For over 100 years, Eagle Manufacturing Company has been making products for an ever changing world.

In the beginning, it was glass jars, and later, the technology that led to the production of metal lids for glass jars led to the production of oilers (1907), steel gasoline cans (1917), metal Type I and Type II Safety Cans (1957), metal Oily Waste Cans (1962), and Safety Storage Cabinets (1967).

Eagle has built a track record of successfully adapting to this ever changing world. In 1981, Eagle introduced the first non-welded, galvanized steel Safety Cans and in 1987 introduced its full line of high density polyethylene products. Since 1990, Eagle has introduced over 150 new products, including its high density polyethylene hazardous waste management products.

In 1997, Eagle introduced its new generation of Safety Storage Cabinets. Eagle's newly designed and manufactured cabinets have set new industry standards for quality, durability and value.

Eagle remains committed to working closely with industry to develop new technology and provide a full range of products to meet their needs.

A TRADITION OF INNOVATION



Throughout its history, Eagle has been universally recognized as a leader in providing innovative products. That tradition continues today. From concept, through design and testing, Eagle's product development group utilizes

state-of-the-art technology. Innovative design is only one part of a successful new product equation. Eagle's management has committed the necessary resources to insure that manufacturing equipment and processes are also state-of-the art.

EAGLE SELLS EAGLE PRODUCTS

As the safety marketplace moves toward "one-stop" shopping, the Eagle brand



name-and what it stands for-has assumed a growing role in distinguishing Eagle from its competitors. The brand tells our customers what they can expect: easy to use features, innovative applications, solid value, and exceptional service.

EAGLE QUALITY POLICY



Our Goals Are:

To Excel in Manufacturing and Marketing and to be the Supplier of Choice to our Customers.

We must be certain that our products: Are designed for their intended purpose; Are correctly made;

Are of the highest quality; and

Are readily available so that our customers' orders can be shipped promptly.

Everyone at Eagle Works Together As A Team To Achieve These Goals.

QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR THE FUTURE

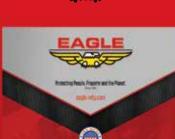


ISO-9001 Certification

In December 1996, Davy Scott Registrar Services, Inc. certified Eagle's Quality System to the ISO-9001 standard. The significance of ISO certification is two-fold. First, the documentation of our operating procedures enables us to operate more efficiently. Second, certification assures our customers that our quality standards are among the best in the world.

In order to maintain and improve upon these quality standards, Eagle has three certified ISO-9001 Quality Management System auditors on staff. Also, semi-annual independent audits are conducted to insure that Eagle continues to meet ISO-9001 standards.





This compliance guide should be used in conjunction with the Eagle Product Catalog.

Eagle Manufacturing Company is a prime manufacturer of Safety Cans, Safety Cabinets, Poly Drums and Spill Containment, Material Handling, and Cigarette Disposal Products. With more than 750 products, Eagle Manufacturing Company is the most respected brand for quality craftsmanship and value. An ISO-9001 certified manufacturer, all of our products are made in the USA. Go to our website to request a FREE Product Catalog Guide.

www.eagle-mfg.com

Eagle Manufacturing Company 2400 Charles Street, Wellsburg, WV 26070 P/ 304.737.3171 F/ 304.737.1752 E/ sales@eagle-mfg.com